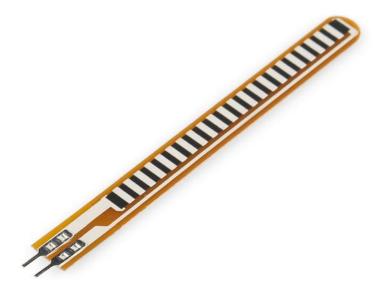
# The Torchbearer

By Russell Poag, Christian Pack \_\_\_\_ and Joshua Kupras

#### **Tool Incorporated - Flex Senso**

- The <u>flex sensor</u> is a resistor in which the amount of resistance increases as the sensor is bent to a greater degree.
- Useful when varying amounts of electricity need to be used for different positions of a machine
- Examples include:
  - o automatic door mechanisms
  - human movement tracking



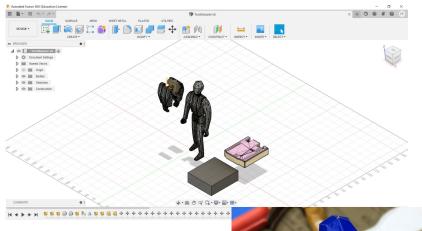
## **Basic Functioning**

- 1. Button is pressed which triggers the servo to raise the torch bearer's arm.
- Once the arm is raised and the flex sensor is bent, the lights in his hand begin to turn on as they receive current.
- 3. When the button is pressed again, the Torch Bearer lowers his arm and the lights turn off as the flex sensor returns to its original bent state.



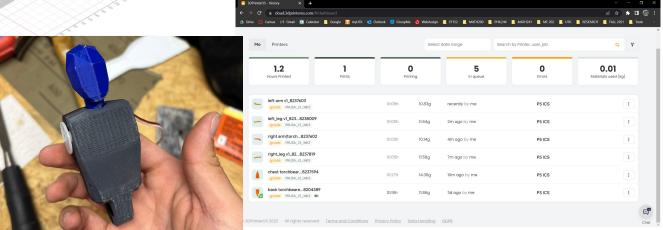


# **Computer-Aided-Drafting & Printing**

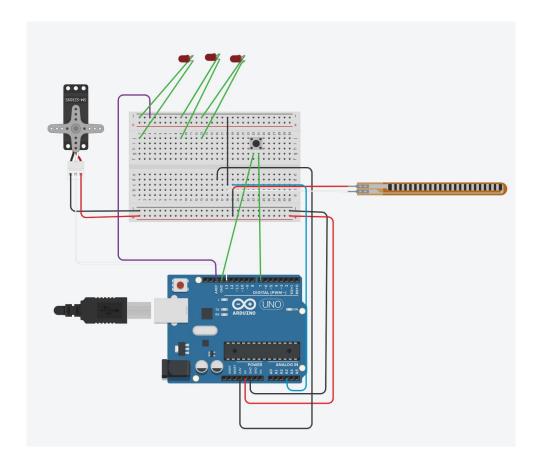


CAD Designed a figurine with a section cut out of torso for Servo placement.

Sanding and Fine Tuning (White Disc is attached to internal Servo)



#### **Circuit**



Simple Circuit Layout of our project. LED's were routed to the torchbearer's hand.



## Coding

- Lights turn on/off in a pattern
  - Maintains a list of pins to be held HIGH or LOW
  - Waits a while, and switches pin to be held on
  - Can be extended to any number of lights
- Arm raises up when button is pressed
  - Initiates Servo
  - Boolean value switched when button is pressed
- Flex sensor value is read to determine when arm is up
  - When resistance is above a certain value, it turns the light sequence on

```
void loop() {
//Read value and change light
 flexValue = analogRead(flexPin);
  flexValue = map(flexValue, 400, 1000, 0, 255);
  flexValue = constrain(flexValue, 0, 255);
  Serial.println(flexValue);
  if (flexValue<180){
LEDSon=true;
  } else{
    LEDSon=false;
  if (LEDSon){
     digitalWrite(lightPins[lightIndex], LOW);
     delay(lightTime);
     digitalWrite(lightPins[lightIndex], HIGH);
     lightIndex++;
     if (lightIndex>=sizeof( lightPins)){
      lightIndex=0;
 } else{
     digitalWrite(lightPins[0], HIGH);
     digitalWrite(lightPins[1], HIGH);
     digitalWrite(lightPins[2], HIGH);
  // Read button and change bool if pushed
  if(digitalRead(BUTTON_PIN) == LOW) {
     up=!up;
     Serial.print("Push");
// Raise arm if bool is up
  if (up){
      raiseArm();
  } else{
     lowerArm();
```

#### **Pictures**





